Symptoms of Damage:

- Young larva feed on soil humus.
- Grown up larva feed more and more on plant tissues
- Larvae in the soil eat the roots of plants
- In sugarcane-eats sprouting eye buds of setts
- Decrease germination.
- Make hole to the setts and feed inside
- Puncture to setts make easy entry of other pathogen and as result setts rottened
- In severe damage, outer leaves dried & whole cane dried up
- They are very sensitive to the soil moisture level
- Most severe in irrigated fields.



Management of Wireworm:

- Clean cultivation.
- The beetles prefer the weedy land for egg laying.
- Maintain the soil in good physical conditions.
- Irrigate the field followed by ploughing of the field.
- Flooding of the field
- Endemic pockets -increase the seed rate of sugarcane setts
- Sett treatment with Chlorpyriphos 20 SC 400 ml or Imidachloprid 70% WG 36 gm in 100 lit. of water
- At planting- soil application of Fipronil 0.3 % GR @ 25 kg/ha.
 or
- Drenching Chlorpyriphos 20 EC @ 5 lit/ha in 1000 lit of water